## UNIVERSITY OF MYSORE Postgraduate Entrance Examination October-2022



## SUBJECT CODE :


(Read carefully the instructions given in the Question Booklet)


MAXIMUM MARKS : 50
MAXIMUM TIME : 75 MINUTES
(Including time for filling O.M.R. Answer sheet)

## INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATES

1. The sealed question paper booklet containing 50 questions enclosed with O.M.R. Answer Sheet is given to you.
2. Verify whether the given question booklet is of the same subject which you have opted for examination.
3. Open the question paper seal carefully and take out the enclosed O.M.R. Answer Sheet outside the question booklet and fill up the general information in the O.M.R. Answer sheet. If you fail to fill up the details in the form as instructed, you will be personally responsible for consequences arising during evaluating your Answer Sheet.
4. During the examination:
a) Read each question carefully.
b) Determine the Most appropriate/correct answer from the four available choices given under each question.
c) Completely darken the relevant circle against the Question in the O.M.R. Answer Sheet. For example, in the question paper if "C" is correct answer for Question No.8, then darken against SI. No. 8 of O.M.R. Answer Sheet using Blue/Black Ball Point Pen as follows:

Question No. 8. (A) (B) (D) (Only example) (Use Ball Pen only)
5. Rough work should be done only on the blank space provided in the Question Booklet. Rough work should not be done on the O.M.R. Answer Sheet.
6. If more than one circle is darkened for a given question, such answer is treated as wrong and no mark will be given. See the example in the O.M.R. Sheet.
7. The candidate and the Room Supervisor should sign in the O.M.R. Sheet at the specified place.
8. Candidate should return the original O.M.R. Answer Sheet and the university copy to the Room Supervisor after the examination.
9. Candidate can carry the question booklet and the candidate copy of the O.M.R. Sheet.
10. The calculator, pager and mobile phone are not allowed inside the examination hall.
11. If a candidate is found committing malpractice, such a candidate shall not be considered for admission to the course and action against such candidate will be taken as per rules.
12. Candidates have to get qualified in the respective entrance examination by securing a minimum of 8 marks in case of SC/ST/Cat-I Candidates, 9 marks in case of OBC Candidates and 10 marks in case of other Candidates out of 50 marks.

## INSTRUCTIONS TO FILL UP THE O.M.R. SHEET

1. There is only one most appropriate/correct answer for each question.
2. For each question, only one circle must be darkened with BLUE or BLACK ball point pen only. Do not try to alter it.
3. Circle should be darkened completely so that the alphabet inside it is not visible.
4. Do not make any unnecessary marks on O.M.R. Sheet.
5. Mention the number of questions answered in the appropriate space provided in the O.M.R. sheet otherwise O.M.R. sheet will not be subjected for evaluation.

1) The power to interpret The Constitution of India is vested with
(A) Judiciary
(B) Executive
(C) Legislature
(D) President
2) In which of the following articles of The Constitution of India has conferred special provisions to women and children?
(A) Article 15(3)
(B) Article 14
(C) Article 15(1)
(D) Article 16(1)
3) Part IV-A of The Constitution of India deals with
(A) Fundamental rights
(B) Directive Principles of State Policies
(C) Fundamental duties
(D) Constitutional remedies
4) In which of the following articles guarantees freedom of speech and expression?
(A) Article 19(1)(c)
(B) Article 25
(C) Article 21
(D) Article 19(1)(a)
5) Which writ commands the public servant to perform the public duty?
(A) Writ of Habeas Corpus
(B) Writ of Mandamus
(C) Writ of Certiorari
(D) Writ of Quo-warranto
6) Under which of the following articles of The Constitution of India deal with the protection of environment?
(A) Article 48-A and 51-A
(B) Article 5-A
(C) Article 21-A
(D) Article 32
7) The Wild Life (Protection) Act was enacted in the year
(A) 1972
(B) 1986
(C) 1974
(D) 1994
8) Ecosystem consists of
(A) Green plants and animals
(B) Green plants and decomposers
(C) Producers and consumers
(D) Green plants, animals, decomposers and biotic environment
9) Which of the following is not Air Pollutant?
(A) Smoke
(B) Carbon Dioxide
(C) Nitrogen Gas
(D) Sulfuric Dioxide
10) In which of the following cases the Supreme Court of India has adopted the Polluter Pays Principle?
(A) Keshavananda Bharathi v. State of Kerala
(B) M. C. Mehta v. Union of India
(C) Reathlam Muncipal Corporation v. Vardhic Chand
(D) Kamal Nath and others v. Union of India
11) Contract Law in India is codified in
(A) 1972
(B) 1982
(C) 1986
(D) 1872
12) The absence of an essential element will render the contract
(A) void
(B) voidable
(C) unenforceable
(D) all of the above
13) Under which section of the Contract Act, 1872 "a contingent contract is a contract to do or not to do something, if some event, collateral to such contract, does or does not happen"?
(A) Section 31
(B) Section 22
(C) Section 25
(D) Section 45
14) The suit for specific performance is regulated by the
(A) Contract Act
(B) Indian Penal Code
(C) Consumer law
(D) Specific Relief Act, 1963
15) Compensation for loss or damage caused by breach of contract is emphasized under section
(A) 34
(B) 22
(C) 68
(D) 73
16) Under which Article of the Indian Constitution the removal of member of Public Service Commission is said?
(A) Article 316
(B) Article 317
(C) Article 350
(D) Article 351
17) According to the Art. 233 the appointment of the District Judge shall be made by :
(A) the President in consultation with the High Court of the State concerned
(B) the Governor of the State
(C) the Governor in consultation with the High Court exercising jurisdiction in relation to such state
(D) The collegiums of the High Court.
18) A mandatory procedural requirement for an administrative tribunal must be
(A) Legal representation
(B) Cross examination
(C) Reasoned decision
(D) All of the above
19) Judicial review of an administrative action indicates?
(A) Review by the Judiciary
(B) Review by the Government
(C) Review by the Parliament
(D) Review by the Legislative Assembly
20) What is conseil d' Etat?
(A) Highest Court in France
(B) Highest Court in U.S.
(C) Highest Administrative Appellate Tribunal in France
(D) None of the above
21) Habeas Corpus means?
(A) Produce the property
(B) Seize the Property
(C) Produce the body
(D) Stop the Proceedings
22) The doctrine of strict liability was laid down in
(A) Rylands v. Fletcher
(B) Charan Lal Sahu vs. Union of India
(C) M C. Mehta vs. Union of India
(D) Ratanlal v. Vardesh Chander
23) The Supreme Court of India in M C. Mehta v. Union of India has established a new doctrine called
(A) Doctrine of Absolute Liability
(B) Doctrine of Strict Liability
(C) Doctrine of Vicarious Liability
(D) Doctrine of Justice, Equity and Good Conscience
24) Donoughe v. Stevenson deals with
(A) Negligence
(B) Slander
(C) Assualt
(D) None of the above
25) If ' $A$ ' assaults ' $B$ ' or damages ' $B$ ' property without justification.
(A) It is contract
(B) It is crime
(C) It is tort
(D) It is crime and tort both
26) Tort is
(A) Common Law
(B) Continental Law
(C) Criminal Law
(D) None of the Above
27) Pacta Sunt Servanda is barrowed from the
(A) German Law
(B) Greek Law
(C) Roman Law
(D) Islamic Law
28) Which one of the articles of Statute of International Court of Justice is defined sources of International Law
(A) Article 36
(B) Article 38
(C) Article 20
(D) Article 15
29) Monistic theory is advocated by
(A) Duguit
(B) Max Sorenson
(C) Fenwick
(D) Kelsen
30) Who said "The Doctrine of Continental Shelf is reasonable one"?
(A) Truman
(B) Holland
(C) Oppenheim
(D) Lauterpatch
31) The present Secretary General of UNO is
(A) Boutros Boutros-Ghali
(B) Ban Ki-moon
(C) Antonio Guterres
(D) Javier Pérez de Cuéllar
32) The idea that in reality law consist of rules in accordance with reason and nature has formed the basis of a variety of
(A) Positive Law Theories
(B) Natural Law Theories
(C) Economic Law Theories
(D) Sociological Law Theories
33) A legal system arises from the combination of primary and secondary is viewed by
(A) Austin
(B) Salmond
(C) Fitzgerald
(D) H.L.A Hart
34) Positivism regards law as the expression of the will of the state through the medium of the
(A) Legislature
(B) Courts
(C) Executive
(D) Media
35) The normal case of ownership can be expected to exhibit the
(A) thing which he owns
(B) right to use and enjoy
(C) right to consume and destroy
(D) all of the above
36) Which one of the following jurists begins by considering the situation, not of the judge or lawyer, but of what he calls "bad man"?
(A) Pollock
(B) Maitland
(C) Maxwell
(D) Holmes
37) Criminal Intention is
(A) the highest form of blameworthiness of mind
(B) mens rea.
(C) a symbolic place in criminal law.
(D) all of the above.
38) Under which section of Indian Penal Code the right of private defense of the body extends to causing death
(A) Section 56
(B) Section 123
(C) Section 100
(D) Section 256
39) Culpable homicide is
i. an act with the intention of causing death
ii. the intention of causing such bodily injury as is likely to cause death
iii. knowledge that he is likely by such act to cause death
iv. none of these
(A) i and ii are true
(B) i, ii and iii are true
(C) iv is correct
(D) i is true
40) Rape shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which shall not be less than
(A) Ten years
(B) Seven years
(C) One year
(D) Three years
41) Theft is punishable under
(A) Section 369 of IPC
(B) Section 359 of IPC
(C) Section 299 of IPC
(D) Section 379 of IPC
42) The law of inheritance and successions in India finds its statutory roots
(A) in the Hindu Succession Act, 1955.
(B) in the Hindu Succession Act, 1986.
(C) in the Hindu Succession Act, 1969.
(D) in the Hindu Succession Act, 1956.
43) In which of the following cases the Supreme Court for the first time directed the parliament to frame Uniform Civil Code
(A) Mohd Ahmed Khan v. Shah Bano Begum
(B) Sarla Mudgal v. Union of India
(C) Shah v. Laxmichand Ravaji Sha
(D) Chandra Mohini v. Avinash Prasad
44) The Mitakshara system founded by
(A) Manu
(B) Koutilya
(C) Chanakya
(D) Vijaneswara
45) Collateral consanguinity
(A) Kindred or consanguinity is the connection or relation of persons descended from the same stock or common ancestor.
(B) subsists between two persons, one of whom is descended in a direct line from the other, as between a man and his father, grandfather and greatgrandfather,
(C) subsists between two persons who are descended from the same stock or ancestor, but neither of whom is descended in a direct line from the other
(D) None of these
46) Any marriage solemnized under The Special Marriage Act-1954 shall be voidable and may be annulled by a decree of nullity, if
(A) the marriage has not been consummated owing to the willful refusal of the respondent to consummate the marriage
(B) the respondent was at the time of the marriage pregnant by some person other than the petitioner
(C) the consent of either party to the marriage was obtained by coercion or fraud, as defined in the Indian Contract Act, 1872
(D) all of the above
47) The first factories act, was enacted in the year :
(A) 1860
(B) 1881
(C) 1872
(D) None of the above
48) What is crèche?
(A) A nursing home
(B) A nursery school
(C) A nursery where babies and young children are cared during working hours
(D) None of the above
49) Abbreviate ILO
(A) Indian law organization
(B) Indian legal organization
(C) International Labour Organization
(D) None of the above
50) What is the prerequisite for close down Factory?
(A) The occupier has to inform the workers
(B) The occupier has to give 60 days' notice to the authorities
(C) Not to give notice to any person
(D) None of above

## ஆஆ月

## Rough Work

## అభ్యథిรగษిగి శ్జอఒసేగఆు



 ఎంబదన్ను யరిరిలలిసిరి.



 జదాబ్దారరంగిరుత్తిర.


 లుత్తరహస్ను నిధణరిసి.


 కుంబిర:



6. ఒండు నిదిషష్ట్రు
 ळలళెయల్లిన లుదాळరణ నైలణి.
 యృడ్బొలు.
 పిల్టలిద్యానిలయుద
 ஹృఁగబळుదు.




 అంచగఆన్ను யֹడియత్ర్ప్దు.

## ఓ.ఎం.ఆరా. ळలఆయన్ను కుంబలు ష్యృజసెగళు









Note : English version of the instructions is printed on the front cover of this booklet.

